

W5200 Errata Sheet

Document History

Ver 1.0.0 (Feb. 23, 2012)	First release for erratum 1
Ver 1.0.1 (Mar. 28, 2012)	Add a solution for erratum 1, 2
Ver 1.0.2 (Apr. 09, 2012)	Add a solution for erratum 3
Ver 1.0.3 (Feb. 31, 2013)	Modified phenomenon and condition for erratum 1
Ver 1.0.4 (Jun. 5, 2013)	Fixed typos in erratum 1 (W5300 -> W5200)

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Erratum 1 Phenomenon The W5200 replies with gateway IP address for the ARP request from normal node which has "0.0.0.0" IP address. But normally the W5200 should replies with target IP address "0.0.0.0" not the gateway IP address. Condition **ARP Request** W5200 Normal Node IP: 0.0.0.0 IP: 192.168.1.2 ARP Reply with Wrong Target IP address: 192.168.1.254 SN: 255.255.255.0 SN: 255.255.255.0 GW: 192.168.1.254 GW: 192.168.1.254 Normally must be 0.0.0.0 The main reason of this erratum is subnet calculating logic. The W5200 misunderstands the node locates other sub-network when target has "0.0.0.0" IP address. So the W5200 set the target IP to the gateway IP instead of "0.0.0.0" and sends the ARP reply. Solution & To avoid this erratum we must keep the subnet mask register value to zero except two cases which are "CONNECT" command in TCP and "SEND" Recommendat command in UDP. Because only these two cases are referring the subnet ion mask register and sending the ARP request. So set the subnet mask register to "0.0.0.0" and keeping it but save the right subnet mask value to the global variable when you initialize the W5200. When you use connect command in TCP or send command in UDP, set the subnet mask register to the right value using the variable before executing connect or send command. After done connect or send command, clears the subnet mask register again to keep its value to "0.0.0.0" Before Applying (without solution) After Applying (with solution) W5200 Initialization W5200 Initialization Set GW : 192.168.1.254 Set GW : 192.168.1.254 Set IP : 192.168.1.2 Set SN: 255.255.255.0 Set IP · 192 168 1 2 Set SN: 0.0.0.0 & save the SN to global variable. **TCP** Connect UDP Send Set SN from global variable Set SN from global variable "Execute send command" Clear SN : 0.0.0.0 "Execute connect of Clear SN : 0.0.0.0 Example pseudo code:

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/* Global variable declaration for subnet mask value */ unsigned char subnet_val[4]; /* W5200 initialization function */ Function Initialize_W5200() /* Clear the subnet mask register */ IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR0, 0); IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR1, 0); IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR2, 0); IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR3, 0); * Save the right subnet mask value if the subnet is 255.255.255.0 */ subnet_val[0] = 255; $subnet_val[1] = 255;$ subnet_val[2] = 255; subnet_val[3] = 0; '* TCP connect function */ Function TCP_Connect() /* Set the subnet mask register to the right value using the variable */ IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR0, subnet_val[0]); IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR1, subnet_val[1]); IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR2, subnet_val[2]); IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR3, subnet_val[3]); /* Execute TCP connect command */ IINCHIP_WRITE(Sn_CR(socket), Sn_CR_CONNECT); /* Wait for command done */ while(Sn_CR(socket)); /* Clear the subnet mask register again and keep it */ IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR0, 0);

IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR1, 0);

IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR2, 0);



	IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR3, 0);
••••	
}	
	UDP sendto function */
Fı	unction UDP_Sendto()
{	
•••	
/*	Set the subnet mask register to the right value using the variable '
	IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR0, subnet_val[0]);
	IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR1, subnet_val[1]);
	IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR2, subnet_val[2]);
	IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR3, subnet_val[3]);
/*	Execute UDP send command */
	IINCHIP_WRITE(Sn_CR(socket), Sn_CR_SEND);
/*	Wait for command done */
	while(Sn_CR(socket));
/*	Clear the subnet mask register again and keep it */
	IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR0, 0);
	IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR1, 0);
	IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR2, 0);
	IINCHIP_WRITE(SUBR3, 0);



Erratum 2	Erratum 2		
Phenomenon	Assuming that the IP address of W5200 is "0.0.0.0" and the gateway, subnet mask is valid (not "0.0.0.0"), the W5200 set the target IP address of ARP request to the gateway IP address not the target node IP address when sends ARP request to another node. So the peer node cannot receive the ARP request from the W5200.		
Condition	Normal Node+'ARP Request with+'W5300+'IP: 192.168.1.3+'Wrong Target IP address: 192.168.1.254+'IP: 0.0.0+'SN: 255.255.255.0+'Wrong Target IP address: 192.168.1.254+'SN: 255.255.255.0+'GW: 192.168.1.254+'Wrong Target IP address: 192.168.1.254+'SN: 255.255.255.0+'The W5200 miss calculates the sub-network location when sends the ARPrequest if its own IP address is "0.0.0.0". In the same condition, even if thegateway IP address is "0.0.0.0", the W5200 sends ARP request to "0.0.0.0" IPaddress because the W5200 sends ARP request to the gateway.		
Solution & Recommendat ion	The reason of this erratum2 is same as erratum1 so the solution is also same with erratum1. Please refer to the solution of erratum1.		



Erratum 3	
Phenomenon and	When W5200 is used in MACRAW mode, sometimes the received packet size can be large
Condition	than the actual received packet size. This phenomenon occurs even if the received
	packet size is less than the allowed packet size; if this is the case, the received packet is
	thrown away because it is larger than the allowed packet size.
	However, when the TCP / UDP mode of the Hardwired W5200 is used, the phenomenon o
	the erratum3 does not occur.
	- When the received packet size is larger than the actual received packet size.
	The received MACRAW data format is shown in the figure below. The PACKET-INFO (the
	byte size of data packet) can also be larger than the actual packet size in this
	phenomenon. Therefore, the Dummy data is inserted from the actual packet size to the
	PACKET-INFO size.
	PACKET-INFO DATA packet
	Byte size of Real Data
	DATA packet Description MAC Source MAC Type Payload (68ytes) (68ytes) (28ytes) (46-15008ytes)
	2 Bytes Size speicified in PACKET-INFO
	2 Bytes Size speicified in PACKET-INFO Figure The received MACRAW data Format
	2 Bytes Size speicified in PACKET-INFO Figure The received MACRAW data Format
	2 Bytes Size speicified in PACKET-INFO Figure The received MACRAW data Format - When the received packet is thrown out because its size is larger than the allowed packet size.
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Solution and	2 Bytes Size speicified in PACKET-INFO Figure The received MACRAW data Format When the received packet is thrown out because its size is larger than the allowed packet size. The allowed packet size is defined as 1514 bytes. W5200 throws out the packet which
Solution and Recommendation	Size speicified in PACKET-INFO Figure The received MACRAW data Format When the received packet is thrown out because its size is larger than the allowed packet size. The allowed packet size is defined as 1514 bytes. W5200 throws out the packet which size is over the allowed packet size.
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